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Interplanetary networking:

an eye on NASA's Phoenix

1 August 2007

ESA's Mars Express will keep

ESA's Mars Express will keep an

it makes its way to the Martian

surface, setting an example for

Phoenix's launch is scheduled for

Planet in the spring of 2008. The

international cooperation and

interplanetary networking.

4 August this year and it is expected to land on the Red

mission will investigate the

Martian environment and will

eve on NASA's Phoenix lander as

02-Aug-2007

Looking at Mars 괻▮



Mars Express highlights

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Mars Express

- look beneath the frigid, arctic landscape in search of conditions favourable to past or present life.
- At NASA's request, ESA's Mars Express spacecraft will be following Phoenix's Entry Descent and Landing (EDL) phase.
- The critical part of the descent lasts about 13 minutes. During this time,
- the probe will transmit a continuous stream of information to two of
- NASA's satellites already orbiting the Red Planet. To be on the safe side,
- NASA has requested Mars Express, which has been in orbit around Mars since December 2003, to also monitor the EDL phase.

Mars Express has been selected since, in principle, its elliptical orbit makes it possible for the spacecraft to have a continuous view of the lander and to communicate with it for longer periods of time.

Mars Express will optimise its orbit so that Phoenix is continuously in view during the EDL phase. The final orbit adjustment required for Mars Express will be determined a few weeks after the launch of Phoenix. Final adjustments will be made in April next year, just before the Phoenix EDL phase.



Phoenix

ESA's Mars Express Mission Manager, Fred Jansen explains, "One of the instruments on board Mars Express is the Mars Express Lander Communications system (MELACOM), designed to communicate with probes on the planet's surface. Originally meant for communicating with the Beagle 2 lander, which was unfortunately lost, we can now use it to communicate with Phoenix."

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Phoenix

It is possible that the spacecraft will communicate with the lander, not only during EDL, but also for the remainder of the anticipated 90-day lifetime of the mission.

"NASA still has two other active probes on the Martian surface. When Phoenix joins the fleet around mid-2008, lots of data will have to be relayed back to Earth from the surface of Mars. If we are asked to help out by channelling part of the

communication through Mars Express, we will, of course, try to accomodate such a request" adds Jansen.

Apart from assistance during the EDL phase, NASA has also requested ESA to support the launch of Phoenix from its ground station in Kourou, French Guiana.

For more information:

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